**OMBA Moderate Risk Global Allocation Fund** 

a sub-fund of

Prescient Global Funds ICAV (formerly Prescient Global Funds plc)

An Irish collective asset-management vehicle established as an umbrella fund with segregated liability between sub-funds

# **Annual Report and Financial Statements**

for the period from 1 July 2019 (date of commencement of operations) to 30 June 2020

Contents	Page
General Information	2
Directors' Report	3 - 7
Statement of Directors' Responsibilities	8
Investment Managers' Report	9 - 10
Annual Depositary Report to Shareholders	11
Independent Auditor's Report	12 - 14
Statement of Comprehensive Income	15
Statement of Financial Position	16
Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Participating Shares	17
Statement of Cash Flows	18
Notes to the Financial Statements	19 - 39
Schedules of Investments	40
Significant changes in Portfolio Composition (unaudited)	41
Fees charged to Underlying Investment Funds (unaudited)	42
Information for Investors in Switzerland (Unaudited)	43

#### **General Information**

Investment Manager and Distributor OMBA Advisory & Investments Limited

The Light Bulb (Unit 3.10)

1 Filament Walk

London SW18 4GQ United Kingdom

**Directors of the ICAV** Eimear Cowhey, Chairperson (Irish)<sup>1</sup>

Carey Millerd (Irish) Fiona Mulcahy (Irish)<sup>1</sup>

Hermanus Steyn (South African)

Secretary Northern Trust International Fund Administration Services

(Ireland) Limited Georges Court

54 - 62 Townsend Street

Dublin 2 Ireland

Registered office 49 Upper Mount Street

Dublin 2 Ireland

Manager, Administrator, Registrar and Transfer Agent Prescient Fund Services (Ireland) Limited

49 Upper Mount Street

Dublin 2 Ireland

Independent Auditor KPMG

(Appointed until 11 February 2020)

1 Harbourmaster Place

International Financial Services Centre

Dublin 1 Ireland

Ernst & Young Chartered Accountants (Appointed from 11 February 2020)

Harcourt Centre Harcourt Street Dublin 2 Ireland

**Depositary** Northern Trust Fiduciary Services (Ireland) Limited

Georges Court

54 - 62 Townsend Street

Dublin 2 Ireland

Banker Citibank N.A.

IFSC House

**Custom House Quay** 

Dublin 1 Ireland

Legal Advisor to the ICAV as to matters of Irish Law Dillon Eustace

33 Sir John Rogerson's Quay

Dublin 2 Ireland

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Eimear Cowhey and Fiona Mulcahy are independent directors of the ICAV.

# **Directors' Report**

### For the period ended 30 June 2020

The Board of Directors (the "Board" or the "Directors") submit their report together with the audited financial statements of OMBA Moderate Risk Global Allocation Fund, a sub-fund of Prescient Global Funds ICAV (the "ICAV") for the period ended 30 June 2020.

#### Principal activities, review of the business

The ICAV was previously an open ended investment company with variable capital and segregated liability between funds, incorporated in Ireland on 14 November 1997 under the name Prescient Global Funds plc (the "Company"), and complied with the provisions of the Companies Act 2014. Effective from 13 November 2019 the Company converted to an Irish collective asset-management vehicle incorporated in Ireland in accordance with the Irish Collective Asset-Management Vehicles Act, 2015 (the "ICAV Act").

The ICAV is structured as an umbrella fund consisting of different funds each comprising of one or more share classes. The shares issued in each fund will rank pari passu with each other in all respects provided that they may differ as to certain matters including currency of denomination, hedging strategies if any applied to the currency of a particular class, dividend policy, the level of fees and expenses to be charged to a fund or class, subscription or redemption procedures or the minimum subscription applicable. The assets of each fund will be invested separately on behalf of the fund in accordance with the investment objective and policies of the fund. At the year end date the ICAV has thirty two active funds in existence. These financial statements represent the OMBA Moderate Risk Global Allocation Fund (the "Fund").

The investment objectives of the Fund are set out in the Fund's Supplement and are detailed in Note 13.

#### **Principal Risks and Uncertainties**

The principal financial risks and uncertainties facing the Fund are detailed in Note 13.

#### Results for the year and future developments

The change in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable participating shares from operations in the Fund for the period ended 30 June 2020 was an increase of \$311,178.

The performance during the year is dealt with in the Investment Manager's Report.

The ICAV will continue to act as an investment vehicle as set out in the Prospectus. There are no future developments for the Fund.

#### **Dividend**

For distributing share classes, it is the intention that dividends will be distributed on a bi-annual basis on first business day of January and first business day of July each year. Dividends will be paid out of the Fund's net investment income return (i.e. income from dividends, interest or otherwise, less its accrued expenses for the accounting period) and realised and unrealised capital gains net of realised and unrealised losses and (if declared) will normally be paid to shareholders on first business day of January and first business day of July each year to the bank account specified by them in their application for shares. The amount of any dividend payment will be at the discretion of the Directors.

## **Directors' Report (continued)**

For the period ended 30 June 2020

### **Accounting Records**

The Directors believe that they have complied with the requirements of the ICAV Act with regard to the accounting records by employing personnel with the appropriate expertise and by providing adequate resource to the financial function. The accounting records of the Fund are maintained by Prescient Fund Services (Ireland) Limited, 49 Upper Mount Street, Dublin 2, Ireland (the "Manager" and "Administrator").

### Soft commission arrangements

There were no soft commission arrangements affecting the Fund during the period ended 30 June 2020.

### **Events during the year**

The Directors converted the Company to an Irish collective asset-management vehicle with limited liability and segregated liability between funds, pursuant to part 2 of the Irish Collective Asset-management Vehicles Act, 2015. A shareholder EGM was held on 21 October 2019 in which the conversion to an ICAV was approved. An application was made to the Central Bank of Ireland (the "Central Bank") to register the Company as an ICAV. From 13 November 2019, the Company became an ICAV and is authorised to carry on business as an ICAV by the Central Bank. The registration does not affect the identity or continuity of the Company as previously established and registered.

On 11 March 2020, COVID-19 was declared a global pandemic by the World Health Organisation due to the rising rate and scale of infections. The rapid spread of the virus has caused significant disruption in global equity markets and the impact of lock downs in several countries worldwide is expected to reduce GDP growth in 2020, both locally and globally. The impact of this pandemic has been considered in the valuation of all investments and the Fund is considered to continue operating as a going concern. There was significant volatility in global and local markets at year end as countries went into lockdown which has impacted the fair value movement of all investments.

#### **Subsequent Events**

Where subsequent events arise, they are detailed in Note 18.

### **Dealings by Connected Parties**

Regulation 41 of the Central Bank (Supervision and Enforcement) Act 2013 (Section 48(1)) (Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities) Regulations 2015 requires that any transaction carried out with a UCITS by a management company or depositary to a UCITS; and the delegates or sub-delegates of such a management company or depositary (excluding any non-group company sub-custodians appointed by a depositary); and any associated or group company of such a management company, depositary, delegate or sub-delegate ("connected parties") must be carried out as if negotiated at arm's length and must be in the best interest of the shareholders. The Board of Directors must also be satisfied that written arrangements are in place. The Directors are satisfied that transactions between connected parties entered into during the financial year complied with the obligations set out above and were carried out as if negotiated at arm's length and in the best interest of Shareholders.

### **Directors' Report (continued)**

### For the period ended 30 June 2020

#### Directors, Secretary and their interests

The names of the persons who were directors of the ICAV at any time during the period ended 30 June 2020 are set out on page 2. There were no changes to the Directors during the period.

Mr. Hermanus Steyn and Mr. Carey Millerd are directors of the Manager.

Apart from the above, neither the Directors nor the Secretary nor their families had any direct interests in the shares of the ICAV at the period end or at the date of appointment or at any time during the period. Directors' remuneration is disclosed in the Statement of Comprehensive Income

#### **Segregated Liability**

The ICAV is an umbrella fund with segregated liability between funds. The ICAV has availed of the Segregated Liabilities provision of section 35 of the ICAV Act.

# **Risk Management Objectives and Policies**

The main risks arising from the ICAV's financial instruments are market (currency, interest rate and price), credit and liquidity risk. A detailed explanation of the risks to which the ICAV is exposed and the financial instruments utilised is provided in Note 13 to the financial statements. The investment objective of the Fund is set out in the Investment Manager's report and Note 13 to the financial statements. There can be no assurance that the Fund will achieve its investment objective. The value of redeemable hares may rise or fall as the capital value of the securities in which the Fund invests may fluctuate.

The ICAV's overall risk management policy focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Fund's financial performance.

The names of the persons who are Directors of the ICAV are set out on page 2.

The Directors are not required to retire by rotation.

### **Administrator**

The Administrator is authorised and regulated by the Central Bank and must comply with the rules imposed by the Central Bank.

#### **Remuneration disclosures**

An effective Remuneration policy of the Manager (the "Remuneration Policy") has been put in place by the Manager which complies with UCITS V and the ESMA guidelines on sound Remuneration policies under UCITS V (the "Guidelines").

The purpose of the Manager's remuneration policy is to seek to ensure that the remuneration arrangements of "identified staff":

- is consistent with and promotes sound and effective risk management and does not encourage risk-taking which is inconsistent with the risk profile, rules or instruments of incorporation of the Manager; and
- (ii) is consistent with the Manager's business strategy, objectives, values and interests and includes measures to avoid conflicts of interest.

### **Directors' Report (continued)**

### For the period ended 30 June 2020

#### Remuneration disclosures (continued)

The ESMA Guidelines relating to governance, the remuneration committee and transparency, and certain of the risk-alignment guidelines, apply to the Manager as a whole.

The Manager complies with those objectives by having a business model which by its nature does not promote excessive risk taking; by defining performance goals and objectives for employees of the ICAV's delegates which are aligned with the business; and by ensuring that the fixed salary element of those involved in relevant functions reflects the market rate.

Identified Staff whose compensation falls under the Regulations' provisions include:

- Members of the governing body of the Manager; for instance, the directors of the Manager;
- Senior management i.e. Head of Strategy and Business Development and members of the Management Committee;
- Control functions, i.e. the Head of Operations, Risk, Financial Control and Compliance;
- Staff responsible for marketing, i.e. business development;
- Any employee receiving total remuneration that takes them into the same remuneration bracket as senior management and risk takers (currently there are none).

The Manager does not impose a limit with regard to variable compensation versus fixed compensation. However, the Manager's policy is to pay all staff a fixed component representing a sufficiently high proportion of the total remuneration of the individual to allow the Manager to operate a fully flexible policy, with the possibility of not paying any variable component.

Where the Manager pays its staff performance related pay, the following requirements will be applied:

- (a) where remuneration is performance related, the total amount of remuneration is based on a combination of the assessment of the performance of the individual, the business unit and of the overall results of the Manager, and when assessing individual performance, financial as well as non-financial criteria are taken into account. The performance of the individual is assessed, in part, by means of a peer review system. Performance related pay will not be based on the performance of any fund;
- (b) the assessment of performance is set in a multi-year framework in order to ensure that the assessment process is based on longer term performance and that the actual payment of performance-based components of remuneration is spread over an appropriate period;
- (c) the Manager does not pay guaranteed variable remuneration except in an exceptional case in the context of hiring new staff and is limited to the first year;
- (d) payments related to the early termination of a contract reflect performance achieved over time and are designed in a way that does not reward failure;
- (e) the measurement of performance used to calculate variable remuneration components or pools of variable remuneration components includes a comprehensive adjustment mechanism to integrate all relevant types of current and future risks;

# **Directors' Report (continued)**

### For the period ended 30 June 2020

### Remuneration disclosures (continued)

- (f) the variable remuneration, including the deferred portion, is paid or vests only if it is sustainable according to the financial situation of the Manager as a whole, and justified according to the performance of the business unit, the Manager and the individual concerned. The total variable remuneration shall generally be considerably contracted where subdued or negative financial performance of the Manager occurs, taking into account both current compensation and reductions in payouts of amounts previously earned, including through malus or clawback arrangements;
- (g) the Manager currently provides fixed pension benefits to its staff. The Manager's policy is in line with the business strategy, objectives, values and long-term interests of the Manager;
- staff are required to undertake not to use personal hedging strategies or remuneration and liability-related insurance to undermine the risk alignment effects embedded in their remuneration arrangements;
- (i) variable remuneration is not paid through vehicles or methods that facilitate the avoidance of the requirements of the Regulation's requirements.

The total amount of remuneration paid by the Manager to its staff in respect of the financial year ended 30 June 2020 is \$1,217,309 which can be allocated as 87% fixed and 13% variable. There were a total of 16 beneficiaries of the remuneration described above. The amount of the remuneration paid by the Manager to its senior management in respect of the financial year 30 June 2020 was \$345,981. The amount of the total remuneration paid by the Manager to members of its staff whose actions have a material impact on the risk profile of the Manager in respect of the financial year ended 30 June 2020 was \$27,630.

In line with ESMA guidance, the remuneration disclosures relate to the delegates of the management company who are responsible for investment management of the funds in the ICAV. The total amount of remuneration paid by the delegates to its staff in respect of the financial year ended 30 June 2020 is \$1,924,974.

### Independent auditor

In accordance with Section 125 of the ICAV Act, Ernst & Young Chartered Accountants were appointed by the ICAV and have expressed willingness to remain in office.

On behalf of the Board

**Director: Eimear Cowhey** 

21 October 2020

Director: Fiona Mulcahy

# Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The Irish Collective Asset-management Vehicles Act, 2015 ("ICAV Act") requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that act they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as adopted by the European Union ("EU") and applicable law.

The financial statements are required to give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the Funds at the end of the financial year and of the changes in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable participating shares in the Funds for the financial year. In preparing the financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether they have been prepared in accordance with IFRS as adopted by the EU;
- assess the Fund's ability to continue as going concerns, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Funds or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and changes in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable participating shares in the Funds and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the ICAV Act, the European Communities (Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities) Regulations 2011 and the Central Bank (Supervision and Enforcement) Act 2013 (Section 48(1)) (Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities) Regulations 2015. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Funds. In this regard they have entrusted the assets of the Funds to a depositary for safe-keeping. They are responsible for such internal controls as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities. The directors are also responsible for preparing a directors' report that complies with the requirements of the ICAV Act.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the ICAV's website. Legislation in the Republic of Ireland governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

On behalf of the Board

Director: Fimear Cowhey

Director: Fiona Mulcahy

21 October 2020

### **Investment Manager's Report**

#### **Fund Details:**

Fund Inception Date: 1 July 2019

Fund Size: US\$ 31,211,258 (30 June 2020)

Portfolio Manager: Omba Advisory & Investments Ltd

### **Performance Table:**

Cummulative Returns since Inception				
Share Class Inception Return Benchmark				
USD Accumulation	1 July 2019	0.60%	3.11%	
<b>GBP Accumulation</b> 23 October 2019 5.05% 1.80%				
EUR Accumulation	30 December 2019	-2.19%	1.34%	

#### **Performance Comment:**

We are happy with the Fund's first year performance in its risk category. Whilst 2019 ended strongly for equities it has obviously been a different case in 2020 with the onset of COVID-19. The Fund was positioned somewhat defensively coming into 2020 so was well placed to take some advantage of the equity market correction.

The severity of the current coronavirus crisis and the apparent disconnect between financial markets and the real economy were closely considered in the management of the fund. These factors were balanced and the changes in allocation were (and remain) responsive to economic and financial conditions. The fund has performed in line with our expectations and benefitted from the stock market recovery following strong fiscal and monetary stimulus to address the economic shock from COVID-19. We have slightly reduced the risk of the portfolio, especially in the fixed income area, which we now believe to have a good balance of high quality (39.1% of 46.9%) investment grade bonds which generate some yield (c.2.5%). We see the fund as well balanced for the high degree of uncertainty that lies ahead. Our high-quality fixed income can easily be rotated into riskier equity (which we've retained at a neutral weight) should markets have another bout of increased volatility and concomitant sell-off.

# **Fund Activity**

The Fund launched in July 2019 and is the unitisation of the Omba Moderate Risk USD strategy which has been running as a strategy since January 2017.

The investment objective is to achieve capital appreciation over the medium to long term and the fund aims to invest in a moderate risk portfolio of equity and fixed income securities (predominantly ETFs) where the risk profile could be considered similar to a 50% global fixed income / 50% global equity allocation.

Whilst the fund uses passive products to build the portfolio as investment manager we use an active process to select sectors and geographies where we feel there is a value and an opportunity to generate alpha over a passive portfolio. These tilts are done after extensive research and managed through a robust rebalancing process. Examples of such tilts undertaken included:

- 2019 Sept: Overweighting US minimum volatility equity funded from cash
- 2019 Nov: Overweighting Europe ESG funded from broad Europe
- 2019 Mid Dec: Underweighting Japan equity to purchase additional S&P 500 and broad China equity
- 2020 Jan: Tilting into Chinese equity given the late Jan sell-offs

# **Investment Manager's Report (continued)**

# **Fund Activity (continued)**

- 2020 Feb: Fund rebalancing to target for new subscriptions
- 2020 Mar: Reducing exposure to US Treasuries, which had performed very well, and added to equity exposure (to Canada and Latam). We initiated a position in the Nasdaq 100 and added to some existing positions. We also added to a US minimum volatility ETF.
- 2020 Apr: Following the strong performance of healthcare and consumer staples, these tactical overweight positions were removed. Additional risk was taken in the Energy sector.
- 2020 Jun: The Energy sector position initiated in April was sold (after outperforming). Proceeds were deployed in Japan and Fallen Angels bonds.

At the end of June 2020 the fund consists of 46.9% fixed income. Our previous views on the market cycle placed the fund in good stead to assess our bond to equity ratio (i.e. we had lower equity weight preceding this sell off) and we made various shifts towards holding more equity during the significantly dislocated markets and panic of March. It is of course difficult to ascertain the length and depth of the impact of COVID-19 but we continue to monitor markets and will make appropriately researched investment decisions.

Inflows in H2 2019 were predominantly from some initial seed investors. These were received through investors either in their own name, via their bank or platforms and this helped establish links with ClearStream and FundSettle. Some initial progress has been made with listing the fund on some UK fund platforms and there is work underway to extend this registration and make the fund available to Discretionary Fund Managers and Independent Financial Advisors. An offshore FX solution has also been developed with an FX broker to allow South African own name investors to invest directly.

To date there have been no significant redemptions and H1 2020 has seen more conventional retail orders via fund platforms as our marketing scope widens. The fund is registered for sale in the UK and Ireland and has Section 65 approval in South Africa.

# **Annual Depositary Report to Shareholders**

We Northern Trust Fiduciary Services (Ireland) Limited, appointed Depositary to Prescient Global Funds ICAV ("the Fund") provide this report solely in favour of the Shareholders of the Fund for the year ended 30 June 2020 ("the Annual Accounting Period"). This report is provided in accordance with the UCITS Regulations – European Communities (Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities) Regulations 2011 (SI No 352 of 2011), as amended, which implemented Directive 2009/65/EU into Irish Law ("the Regulations"). We do not, in the provision of this report, accept nor assume responsibility for any other purpose or person to whom this report is shown.

In accordance with our Depositary obligation as provided for under the Regulations, we have enquired into the conduct of the Fund for the Accounting Period and we hereby report thereon to the shareholders of the Fund as follows;

We are of the opinion that the Fund has been managed during the Accounting Period, in all material respects:

- (i) in accordance with the limitations imposed on the investment and borrowing powers of the Fund by the constitutional documents and by the Regulations; and
- (ii) otherwise in accordance with the provisions of the constitutional document and the Regulations.

For and on behalf of

Peder Coming

Northern Trust Fiduciary Services (Ireland) Limited



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF OMBA MODERATE RISK GLOBAL ALLOCATION FUND, A SUB-FUND OF PRESCIENT GLOBAL FUNDS ICAV (FORMERLY PRESCIENT GLOBAL FUNDS PLC)

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Prescient Global Funds ICAV ('the ICAV') for the period from 1 July 2019 (date of commencement of operations) to 30 June 2020, which comprise the financial statements of OMBA Moderate Risk Global Allocation (the "sub-fund").

The financial statements of the sub-fund comprise of Statement of Comprehensive Income, Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Participating Shares, Statement of Cash Flows and notes to the financial statements, including the summary of significant accounting policies set out in note 3. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is Irish Law and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the European Union.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the sub-fund as at 30 June 2020 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with IFRS as adopted by the European Union; and
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Irish Collective Asset-management Vehicles Act 2015, the European Communities (Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities) Regulations, 2011, and the Central Bank (Supervision and Enforcement) Act 2013 (Section 48(1)) (Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities) Regulations 2015.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) (ISAs (Ireland)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the ICAV in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of financial statements in Ireland, including the Ethical Standard issued by the Irish Auditing and Accounting Supervisory Authority (IAASA), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters, in relation to which ISAs (Ireland) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate: or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties
  that may cast significant doubt about the ICAV's ability to continue to adopt the going concern
  basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial
  statements are authorised for issue.



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF OMBA MODERATE RISK GLOBAL ALLOCATION FUND, A SUB-FUND OF PRESCIENT GLOBAL FUNDS ICAV (FORMERLY PRESCIENT GLOBAL FUNDS PLC)(CONTINUED)

#### Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Irish Collective Asset-management Vehicles Act 2015

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' report is consistent with the financial statements.

#### Respective responsibilities

### Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page 8, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the ICAV's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the ICAV or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (Ireland) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the IAASA's website at: <a href="http://www.iaasa.ie/getmedia/b2389013-1cf6-458b-9b8f-a98202dc9c3a/Description">http://www.iaasa.ie/getmedia/b2389013-1cf6-458b-9b8f-a98202dc9c3a/Description</a> of auditors responsibilities for audit.pdf.

This description forms part of our auditor's report.



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF OMBA MODERATE RISK GLOBAL ALLOCATION FUND, A SUB-FUND OF PRESCIENT GLOBAL FUNDS ICAV (FORMERLY PRESCIENT GLOBAL FUNDS PLC)(CONTINUED)

## The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

Our report is made solely to the ICAV's shareholders, as a body, in accordance with section 120 of the Irish Collective Asset management Vehicles Act 2015. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the ICAV's shareholders those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the ICAV and the ICAV's shareholders, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Ernst & Young Chartered Accountants and Statutory Audit Firm

Dublin

Date: 23 October 2020

Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the period from 1 July 2019 (date of commencement of operations) to 30 June 2020

		30 June 2020 <sup>1</sup>
	Notes	USD
Investment income		
Net realised gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		113,758
Net change in unrealised loss on financial assets through profit or loss		(109,619)
Total net gains on financial assets through profit or loss		4,139
Dividend income		430,971
Interest income from financial assets at amortised cost		2,133
Net foreign currency gain on cash and cash equivalents		3,531
Total investment income		440,774
Expenses		
Management fees	6	(7,179)
Administration fees	6	(74,246)
Audit remuneration	8	(8,011)
Depositary fees	6	(3,381)
Directors' fees	6	(10,908)
Other expenses		(25,871)
Total expenses		(129,596)
Change in net assets attributable to the holders of redeemable		
participating shares from operations		311,178

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For the period from 1 July 2019 (date of commencement of operations) to 30 June 2020. There is no comparative information since the Fund launched on 1 July 2019.

Gains and losses arose solely from continuing operations. There were no gains or losses other than those dealt with in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

On behalf of the Board of Directors of the ICAV:

**Eimear Cowhey** 

Fiona Mulcahy

21 October 2020

Statement of Financial Position

As at 30 June 2020

		As at 30 June 2020 1
	Notes	USD
Assets		
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	11	
Investment funds		30,406,168
Total financial assets at fair value		30,406,168
Financial assets measured at amortised cost		
Cash at bank		842,306
Accrued income and other receivables		15,809
Total assets		31,264,283
Liabilities		
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost		
Payables	7	(53,025)
Total liabilities (excluding net assets attributable to holders of redeemable participating shares)		(53,025)
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable participating shares		31,211,258

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> There is no comparative information since the Fund launched on 1 July 2019.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

On behalf of the Board of Directors of the ICAV:

Eimear Cowhey Fiona Mulcahy

21 October 2020

Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Participating Shares

For the period from 1 July 2019 (date of commencement of operations) to 30 June 2020

	30 June 2020 <sup>1</sup> USD
Balance at 1 July 2019	
Contributions and redemptions by holders of redeemable participating shares	
Issue of redeemable participating shares during the year  Total contributions and redemptions by holders of redeemable	30,900,080
participating shares	30,900,080
Change in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable participating shares	311,178
Balance at 30 June 2020	31,211,258

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For the period from 1 July 2019 (date of commencement of operations) to 30 June 2020. There is no comparative information since the Fund launched on 1 July 2019.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

### Statement of Cash Flows

For the period from 1 July 2019 (date of commencement of operations) to 30 June 2020

1 of the period from 1 only 2010 (date of commencement of operations) to 50 o	30 June 2020 <sup>1</sup> USD
Cash flows from operating activities	
Change in net assets attributable to the holders of redeemable	
participating shares from operations	311,178
Adjustment for:	
Dividend income	(430,971)
Interest income	(2,133)
Net realised gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(113,758)
Net change in unrealised gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	109,619
Net foreign currency gain on cash and cash equivalents	(3,531)
The trought same noy gain on sash and sash equivalents	(129,596)
Increase in other receivables	(15,809)
Increase in payables	53,025
Purchase of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(45,036,969)
Proceeds from sales of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	14,634,940
Cash used in operations	(30,494,409)
Dividends received	430,971
Interest received	2,133
Net cash used in operating activities	(30,061,305)
Cash flows from financing activities	
Proceeds from issues of redeemable shares	30,900,080
Net cash generated from financing activities	30,900,080
Not about a cook and cook aminologie	020 775
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	838,775
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year  Net foreign currency gain on cash and cash equivalents	- 3,531
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	842,306
out and out of our equivalents at the end of the year	072,300

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For the period from 1 July 2019 (date of commencement of operations) to 30 June 2020. There is no comparative information since the Fund launched on 1 July 2019.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the period ended 30 June 2020

#### 1 GENERAL

Prescient Global Funds ICAV (the "ICAV"), formerly known as Prescient Global Funds plc is an open-ended umbrella type Irish collective asset-management vehicle with limited liability and segregated liability between funds, registered with and authorised by the Central Bank of Ireland (the "Central Bank") to carry on business as an ICAV pursuant to part 2 of the Irish Collective Asset-management Vehicles Act, 2015 (the "ICAV Act"). The ICAV was previously an open ended investment company with variable capital and segregated liability between funds, incorporated in Ireland on 14 November 1997 as a public limited company pursuant to the Companies Acts and was initially authorised by the Central Bank as a designated investment company under the name Prescient Global Funds plc (the "Company"), pursuant to Part XIII of the Companies Act, 1990 (as replaced by Part 24 of the Companies Act 2014). The Company was subsequently re-authorised with effect from 1 April 2011, pursuant to the UCITS Regulations. Effective from 13 November 2019 the Company converted to the ICAV.

The ICAV is structured as an umbrella fund consisting of different funds each comprising of one or more share classes. The shares issued in each fund will rank pari passu with each other in all respects provided that they may differ as to certain matters including currency of denomination, hedging strategies if any applied to the currency of a particular class, dividend policy, the level of fees and expenses to be charged to a fund or class, subscription or redemption procedures or the minimum subscription applicable. The assets of each fund will be invested separately on behalf of the fund in accordance with the investment objective and policies of the fund. At the period end date the ICAV has thirty two active sub-funds in existence. These financial statements represent the OMBA Moderate Risk Global Allocation Fund (the "Fund").

The Fund was authorised on 24 May 2019 and launched on 1 July 2019.

The ICAV had no employees during the period ended 30 June 2020.

# **2 BASIS OF PREPARATION**

#### i. Basis of Preparation

The financial statements are prepared under the historic cost convention as modified to include certain financial assets and financial liabilities classified at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), as adopted by the European Union, and in accordance with ICAV Act.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

# (a) Standards, amendments and interpretations that are issued and effective for financial periods beginning on or after 1 July 2019

## IFRIC Interpretation 23 - Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatment

The interpretation addresses the accounting for income taxes when tax treatments involve uncertainty that affects the application of IAS 12 and does not apply to taxes or levies outside the scope of IAS 12, nor does it specifically include requirements relating to interest and penalties associated with uncertain tax treatments. The interpretation specifically addresses the following:

- Whether an entity considers uncertain tax treatments separately;
- The assumptions an entity makes about the examination of tax treatments by taxation authorities:
- How an entity determines taxable profit (tax loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates;
- How an entity considers changes in facts and circumstances.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the period ended 30 June 2020

#### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

- i. Basis of Preparation (continued)
- (a) Standards, amendments and interpretations that are issued and effective for financial periods beginning on or after 1 July 2019 (continued)

#### IFRIC Interpretation 23 - Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatment (continued)

An entity must determine whether to consider each uncertain tax treatment separately or together with one or more other uncertain tax treatments. The approach that better predicts the resolution of the uncertainty should be followed. The interpretation is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019, but certain transition reliefs are available. This standard update has been adopted by the Fund. The adoption of this standard has had no impact on the financial statements of the Fund.

IFRIC Interpretation 23, Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatment clarifies the accounting for income taxes when tax treatments involve uncertainty that affects the application of IAS 12 in the Fund's financial statements.

Management evaluates such tax positions to determine whether, for all tax years still subject to assessment or challenge by the relevant taxation authorities, the tax positions are probable to be accepted on examination by the relevant tax authorities. If it is probable that the Fund's tax positions are accepted the taxable profit (tax loss) should be consistent with the Fund's tax filings. If not probable the Fund must reflect the effect of the uncertainty in determining its taxable profit (tax loss). The effect of the uncertain tax treatment is determined by applying the expected value method or by applying the most likely method.

There are no other standards, amendments to standards or interpretations that are effective for annual periods beginning on 1 July 2019 that have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.

(b) New standards, amendments and interpretations issued but not yet effective for financial periods beginning on or after 1 July 2019 and have not been early adopted

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 July 2019, and have not been early adopted in preparing these financial statements. None of these are expected to have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.

#### ii. Estimates and Judgements

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expense. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances the result of which forms the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources.

Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised, if the revision affects only that period, or the period of the revision and the future period if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the period ended 30 June 2020

### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

## ii. Estimates and Judgements (continued)

In the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies, Prescient Fund Services (Ireland) Limited (the "Administrator" and "Manager") has made the following estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities are outlined below.

### (a) Fair value of investment funds

The Fund may invest in investment funds that were not quoted in an active market and which may have been subject to restrictions on redemptions such as lock-up periods, redemption gates and side pockets. The fair value of investments in investments that were not quoted in an active market was determined primarily by reference to the latest available redemption price of such units/shares for each investment, as determined by the administrator of such investment funds. The Fund has not make adjustments to the reported amounts to take into account liquidity restrictions.

## iii. Functional Currency and Foreign Currency Translation

The functional currency of the Fund is United States dollar ("USD" or "\$"). The items included in the Fund's financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (the "functional currency"). The functional currency of the Fund is the currency that reflects the fact that the redeemable participating shares of the Fund has been subscribed in this currency and the Fund's investments are mainly denominated in this currency. The presentation currency of the Fund is USD.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the foreign currency exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated to the functional currency at the foreign currency closing exchange rate ruling at the Statement of Financial Position date. Foreign currency exchange differences arising on translation and realised gains and losses on disposals or settlements of monetary assets and liabilities are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are translated to the functional currency at the foreign currency exchange rates ruling at the dates that the values were determined. Foreign currency exchange differences relating to investments at fair value through profit or loss and derivative financial instruments are included in gains and losses on investments.

All other foreign currency exchange differences relating to monetary items, including cash are presented in the Statement of Comprehensive Income within 'net foreign currency gain/(loss) on cash and cash equivalents'.

### 3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to the period presented in the financial statements, unless otherwise stated.

#### i. Financial instruments

#### (a) Classification

In accordance with IFRS 9, the Fund classifies its financial assets and financial liabilities at initial recognition into the categories of financial assets and financial liabilities discussed below. In applying that classification, a financial asset or financial liability is considered to be held for trading if:

Notes to the Financial Statements For the period ended 30 June 2020

### 3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- i. Financial instruments (continued)
- (a) Classification (continued)
- (a) It is acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing it in the near term; or
- (b) On initial recognition, it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- (c) It is a derivative (except for a derivative that is a financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument).

#### **Financial assets**

The Fund classifies its financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost or measured at fair value through profit or loss on the basis of both:

- The entity's business model for managing the financial assets;
- The contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

#### Financial assets measured at amortised cost

A debt instrument is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI") on the principal amount outstanding. The Fund includes in this category short-term non-financing receivables including cash at bank, and accrued income and other receivables.

#### Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss

A financial asset is measured at fair value through profit or loss if:

- (a) Its contractual terms do not give rise to cash flows on specified dates that are SPPI on the principal amount outstanding; or
- (b) It is not held within a business model whose objective is either to collect contractual cash flows, or to both collect contractual cash flows and sell; or
- (c) At initial recognition, it is irrevocably designated as measured at fair value through profit or loss when doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases.

The Fund includes in this category:

• Instruments held for trading. This category includes equity instruments which are acquired principally for the purpose of generating a profit from short-term fluctuations in price.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the period ended 30 June 2020

### 3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- i. Financial instruments (continued)
- (b) Classification (continued)

#### **Financial liabilities**

### Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss

A financial liability is measured at fair value through profit or loss if it meets the definition of held for trading.

The Fund has no financial liability measured at fair value through profit or loss.

#### Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost

This category includes all financial liabilities, other than those measured at fair value through profit or loss. The Fund includes in this payables and redeemable participating shares.

#### (b) Recognition

The Funds recognise financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss on the date the Funds becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. A regular way purchase of financial assets was recognised using trade date accounting. From this date, any gains and losses arising from changes in fair value of the financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, were recorded within 'net realised gain/(loss) on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss' and 'net change in unrealised gain/(loss) on financial assets and liabilities through profit or loss' in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

#### (c) Measurement

Financial instruments are measured initially at fair value (transaction price) plus, in case of a financial asset or financial liability not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability. Transaction costs on financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are expensed immediately, while on other financial instruments they are amortised.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all instruments classified at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value with changes in their fair value recognised in profit or loss in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Financial assets that are classified as financial assets at amortised cost are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment.

Financial liabilities, other than those at fair value through profit or loss, are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Financial liabilities arising from the redeemable participating shares issued by the Fund are carried at the redemption amount representing the investors' right to a residual interest in the Fund's assets.

#### (d) Fair Value Measurement Principles

The fair value of marketable investment securities, listed on a recognised stock exchange or traded on any other organised market, is based on quoted prices in an active market at the Statement of Financial Position date without any deduction for estimated future selling costs.

The value of any investment, which is a unit of or a participation in an open-ended investment fund, shall be calculated by reference to the latest available net asset value of such unit/participation provided by the administrator of that investment fund which, in the opinion of the Directors, approximates to fair value.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the period ended 30 June 2020

#### 3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### i. Financial instruments (continued)

#### (e) Derecognition

The Fund derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Fund neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control of the financial asset.

On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount of the asset (or the carrying amount allocated to the portion of the asset derecognised), and consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Any interest in such transferred financial assets that is created or retained by the Fund is recognised as a separate asset or liability.

The Fund may enter into sale and repurchase transactions whereby it transfers assets recognised on its Statement of Financial Position, but retains all or substantially all of its risks and rewards of the transferred assets. Such transferred assets are not derecognised.

The Fund derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged, cancelled or expired.

On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount extinguished and the consideration paid (including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed) is recognised in profit or loss.

#### (f) Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the Statement of Financial Position when, and only when, the Fund has a legal right to set off the recognised amounts and it intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Income and expenses are presented on a net basis for gains and losses from financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss and foreign exchange gains and losses.

#### ii. Specific instruments

#### Investment funds

Financial assets include investments in open-ended investment funds. Fair value is based on the underlying fund administrator's calculation of the net asset value per share (market value of the investment fund's assets less liabilities divided by the number of shares) which will be the latest price published by the investment fund, taking into account any adjustments that may be required to account for illiquidity, low trading volumes or any such factors that may indicate that the price may not be fair value.

#### iii. Unsettled trades

Trade receivables and payables represent receivables for securities sold and payables for securities purchased that have been contracted for but not yet settled or delivered on the Statement of Financial Position date respectively.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the period ended 30 June 2020

### 3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### iv. Amortised cost measurement

The amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability is the amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition, minus principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest method of any difference between the initial amount recognised and the maturity amount, minus any reduction for impairment in the case of a financial asset.

#### v. Investment income

Dividend income relating to investments is recognised in profit or loss in the Statement of Comprehensive Income on the ex-dividend date. Bank interest income is recorded on an effective yield basis.

Net gains/(losses) from financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss includes all realised and unrealised fair value changes and foreign exchange differences, but excludes interest and dividend income, which are presented separately.

Net realised gains/(losses) from financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss are calculated using the average cost method.

#### vi. Expenses

Expenses are accounted for on an accruals basis.

#### vii. Net asset value per share

The net asset value per redeemable participating share of the Fund is determined by dividing the value of the net assets of the Fund by the total number of redeemable participating shares of the Fund in issue at that time.

#### viii. Redeemable participating shares

All redeemable participating shares issued by the Fund provide investors with the right to require redemption for cash at the value proportionate to the investors' share in the Fund's net assets at redemption date. The Fund issues multiple series of redeemable participating shares which are redeemable at the shareholder's option and may not have identical rights. Therefore the redeemable participating shares are classified as financial liabilities.

Financial liabilities arising from the redeemable participating shares issued by the Fund are carried at the present value of the redemption amount representing the investors' right to a residual interest in the Fund's assets.

#### ix. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash at bank consists of highly liquid financial assets held with Northern Trust Fiduciary Services (Ireland) Limited (the "Depository"), with original maturities of less than three months.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the period ended 30 June 2020

### 3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### x. Distribution Policy

For distributing share classes, it is the intention that dividends will be distributed on a bi-annual basis on first business day of January and first business day of July each year. Dividends will be paid out of the Fund's net investment income return (i.e. income from dividends, interest or otherwise, less its accrued expenses for the accounting period) and realised and unrealised capital gains net of realised and unrealised losses and (if declared) will normally be paid to shareholders on first business day of January and first business day of July each year to the bank account specified by them in their application for shares. The amount of any dividend payment will be at the discretion of the Directors.

#### xi. Structured entities

A structured entity is an entity that has been designed so that voting or similar rights are not the dominant factor in deciding who controls the entity, such as when any voting rights relate to administrative tasks only and the relevant activities are directed by means of contractual arrangements. A structured entity often has some or all of the following features or attributes; (a) restricted activities, (b) a narrow and well-defined objective, such as to provide investment opportunities for investors by passing on risks and rewards associated with the assets of the structured entity to investors, (c) insufficient equity to permit the structured entity to finance its activities without subordinated financial support and (d) financing in the form of multiple contractually linked instruments to investors that create concentrations of credit or other risks (tranches).

The Fund considers all of its investments in investment funds to be investments in unconsolidated structured entities. The investment funds finance their operations by issuing redeemable participating shares/units which are puttable at the holder's option and entitle the holder to a proportional stake in the respective investment fund's net assets. The Fund holds participating shares/units in each of its investment funds.

#### 4 TAXATION

As the ICAV qualifies under Section 739B of the Taxes Consolidation Act, 1997 as an investment undertaking. On that basis, it is not chargeable to Irish tax on its income or gains, other than on the occurrence of a chargeable event.

A chargeable event includes any distribution to shareholders or any redemption or transfer of shares, or the ending of a 'relevant period'. A relevant period is an eight year period beginning with the acquisition of shares by the shareholder and each subsequent period of eight years beginning immediately after the preceding relevant period.

A chargeable event does not include:

- a) Any transactions in relation to shares held in a recognised clearing system as designated by order of the Revenue Commissioners of Ireland; or
- b) An exchange of shares representing one fund for shares of another fund of the ICAV; or
- c) Any exchange of shares arising on a qualifying amalgamation or reconstruction of the ICAV with another fund or company.

In the absence of an appropriate declaration, the Fund will be liable to Irish tax on the occurrence of a chargeable event.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the period ended 30 June 2020

#### 4 TAXATION (continued)

Capital gains, dividends and interest received on investments made by the Fund may be subject to withholding taxes imposed by the country of origin and such taxes may not be recoverable by the Fund or its shareholders.

#### 5 SHARE CAPITAL

The ICAV has a variable share capital. On incorporation, the authorised share capital of the ICAV was \$60,000 divided into 60,000 subscriber shares of a par value of \$1 each. All subscriber shares were redeemed at par value in July 2000. Subsequently there have been 2 subscriber shares issued on 5 February 2020 of a par value of \$1 each. There are in addition, 500,000,000,000 shares of no par value designated as unclassified shares. The unclassified shares are available for issue as participating shares. The holder of each participating share shall be entitled to such dividends as the Directors may from time to time declare. The number of participating shares in issue for each class at 30 June 2020 is noted in the table below. Participating shares are redeemable at the shareholder's option and are classified as financial liabilities. The rights of holders of shares of any class are the following:

- a. On a vote taken on a show of hands, be entitled to one vote per holder and, on a poll, be entitled to one vote per whole share;
- b. Be entitled to such dividends as the Directors may from time to time declare; and
- c. In the event of a winding up or dissolution of the Fund, have the entitlements referred to under the heading "Distribution of assets on a liquidation" as per the Prospectus.

In the event of a winding up or dissolution of the Fund, have the entitlements referred to under the heading "Distribution of assets on a liquidation" as per the Prospectus.

The Fund provides for the daily creation and cancellation of shares.

The following table details the subscription and redemption activity during the period ended 30 June 2020:

Number of shares	Class A1 (USD)	Class A2 (GBP)	Class A3 (EUR)
Shares in issue at 1 July 2019 <sup>1</sup>	-	-	-
Subscriptions	249,240.60	45,591.11	2,000.00
Shares in issue at 30 June 2020	249,240.60	45,591.11	2,000.00

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Class A1, Class A2 and Class A3 were launched on 1 July 2019, 23 October 2019 and 30 December 2019 respectively.

## 6 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND OTHER KEY SERVICE AGREEMENTS

#### **Related Party Transactions**

The Manager was appointed to the ICAV on 1 April 2011. The fees of the Manager will be payable by the ICAV and will not exceed 2.5% per annum of the net asset value of each class or such other amount as is set out in the Supplement, provided it does not exceed 2.5% per annum of the net asset value of the Fund.

The Fund appointed OMBA Advisory & Investments Limited (the "Investment Manager") to serve as investment manager to the Fund. The Fund will discharge the fees and out of pocket expenses of all service providers. The fees will accrue and be payable monthly in arrears out of the assets of the Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the period ended 30 June 2020

### 6 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND OTHER KEY SERVICE AGREEMENTS (continued)

### **Related Party Transactions (continued)**

In addition, the Fund will discharge any transaction charges of the Depositary and any subdepositary (at normal commercial rates), which will be borne directly by the Fund. The ICAV may, at its discretion, also pay from this amount, commissions to distributors. The Investment Manager may from time to time at its sole discretion and out of its own resources rebate to intermediaries and/or shareholders part or all of the investment management fee.

The Manager charges a fee for administration services on a fee scale based on the net asset value of the Funds and ranges from 0.106% to 0.074% of the net asset values. The Manager is entitled to a minimum annual fee of \$6,000 for first 12 months and \$7,000 for each month thereafter which may be waived at the discretion of the Manager. The Manager is also entitled to a fixed minimum annual administration fee of \$7,500. Such fees, duties and charges will be charged to the Fund in respect of which they were incurred.

The administration fees incurred by the Manager during the year ending 30 June 2020 are presented in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. The administration fees outstanding at 30 June 2020 are disclosed in Note 7.

As per the Supplement, the management fee percentage charged by the Investment Manager for Class A is 0.30% of the net asset value of the Fund. The Investment Manager has waived 0.27% of the fee for the period ended 30 June 2020.

The management fees incurred during the period ended 30 June 2020 are presented in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. The management fees outstanding at 30 June 2020 are presented in Note 7.

In the case of any fees or expenses of a regular or recurring nature, such as audit fees, the Directors may calculate such fees and expenses on an estimated figure for yearly or other periods in advance and accrue the same in equal proportions over any period.

Hermanus Steyn and Carey Millerd (Director's fee: €15,000) are also Directors of the Manager.

Directors' fees that were charged for the period ended 30 June 2020 are disclosed in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Any amounts that are due to the Directors as at 30 June 2020 are disclosed in Note 7. In addition, the Directors receive reimbursement for travel and other out-of-pocket expenses relating to attendance at meetings and other matters, including any expenses relating to the performance of due diligence for the benefit of the Fund.

#### **Related Party Holdings**

Entity	% of Net Assets
30 June 2020	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Damian Basil Botoulas	0.83%
Mark Perchtold	1.12%

#### **Key Service Agreements**

The Depositary shall be entitled to receive out of the assets of the Fund an annual fee, accrued at each Valuation Point and payable monthly in arrears, based on following fee scale:

- 0.02% on the Fund's net asset value up to \$250 million;
- 0.015% on the Fund's net asset value above \$250 million.

The minimum monthly fee shall be \$1,000, exclusive of out of pocket expenses.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the period ended 30 June 2020

### 6 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND OTHER KEY SERVICE AGREEMENTS (continued)

### **Key Service Agreements (continued)**

The depositary fees incurred during the period ended 30 June 2020 are presented in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. The depositary fees outstanding at 30 June 2020 are presented in Note 7.

#### 7 PAYABLES

	As at 30 June 2020 <sup>1</sup> USD
Management fees payable	(7,179)
Administration fees payable	(26,509)
Audit fees payable	(8,011)
Depositary fees payable	(357)
Directors' fees payable	(6,873)
Other fees and expenses payable	(4,096)
	(53,025)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> There is no comparative information since the Fund was launched on 1 July 2019.

#### 8 AUDIT REMUNERATION

The audit fees for the statutory audit, inclusive of VAT, for the period ended 30 June 2020 were \$8,011. Audit fees due at 30 June 2020 were \$8,011.

Auditor's remuneration was as follows:	30 June 2020 <sup>1</sup> USD
Statutory audit	8,011
Other assurance services	· -
Tax advisory services	-
Other non-audit services	-
	8,011

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> There is no comparative information since the Fund was launched on 1 July 2019.

#### 9 TRANSACTION COSTS

Transaction costs are incremental costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, issue or disposal of a financial asset or financial liability. An incremental cost is one that would not have been incurred if the entity had not acquired, issued or disposed of the financial instrument. Transaction costs for the period ended 30 June 2020 of \$7,195 have been included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Only transaction costs which are separately identifiable are disclosed. These include transaction costs paid to depositories and sub-depositaries, identifiable brokerage charges and commissions, identifiable transaction related taxes and other market charges and separately identifiable transaction costs related to Financial Derivative Instruments.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the period ended 30 June 2020

#### 10 NET ASSET VALUE PER PARTICIPATING SHARE HISTORY

The net asset value per redeemable participating share for the Fund for the last three financial year ends is as follows:

	Currency	Total net asset value	Number of Participating Shares	Net asset value per Participating Share
As at 30 June 2020 <sup>1</sup>				
Class A1 <sup>2</sup>	USD	25,074,278	249,240.60	\$100.603
Class A2 <sup>2</sup>	GBP	4,789,444	45,591.11	£105.052
Class A3 <sup>2</sup>	EUR	195,612	2,000.00	€97.806

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> There is no comparative information since the Fund was launched on 1 July 2019.

#### 11 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	30 June 2020 <sup>1</sup> USD
Investment funds	30,406,168
Total	30,406,168

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> There is no comparative information since the Fund was launched on 1 July 2019.

#### 12 SOFT COMMISSION ARRANGEMENTS

There were no soft commission arrangements affecting the Fund during the period ended 30 June 2020.

#### 13 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND ASSOCIATED RISK

#### **Risk Factors**

The Fund's activities expose them to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and operational risk. The Fund's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Fund's financial performance.

The Fund's objective is to generate capital appreciation over the medium to long term.

Asset allocation is determined by the Fund's Investment Manager, who manages the distribution of the assets to achieve the investment objective. Divergence from target asset allocations and the composition of the portfolio is monitored by the Fund's Investment Manager. In instances where the portfolio has diverged from target allocations, the Fund's Investment Manager will aim to rebalance the portfolio to fall in line with the target asset allocations.

The nature and extent of the financial instruments outstanding at the Statement of Financial Position date and the risk management policies employed by the Fund are discussed below.

### **Market Risk**

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk.

The Fund's strategy on the management of investment risk is driven by the Fund's investment objective. The Fund's market risk is managed on a daily basis by the Investment Manager in accordance with policies and procedures in place.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Class A1, Class A2 and Class A3 were launched on 1 July 2019, 23 October 2019 and 30 December 2019 respectively.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the period ended 30 June 2020

### 13 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND ASSOCIATED RISK (continued)

### Market Risk (continued)

Details of the Fund's investment portfolio at 30 June 2020 are disclosed in the Schedule of Investments.

#### **Currency Risk**

The Fund hold assets in currencies denominated in currencies other than their functional currency. Consequently, the Fund is exposed to risks that the exchange rate of its currency relative to other foreign currencies change in a manner that has an adverse effect on the value of that portion of the Fund's assets or liabilities denominated in currencies other than its functional currency. The Fund's Investment Manager may, but are not obliged to mitigate this risk by using financial instruments.

The Investment Manager is responsible for monitoring the Fund's currency exposures.

The table below discloses the Fund's exposures to foreign currency at the reporting date, as well as a sensitivity analysis. Net currency exposures of less than 5% of the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable participating shares have been grouped together as 'Other'.

Sensitivity analysis - As at 30 June 2020, had the USD strengthened by 5% in relation to the Fund for all currencies, with all other variables held constant, net assets attributable to holders of redeemable participating shares would have decreased/(increased) by the amounts shown below.

Currency	Monetary assets and liabilities USD	Non-monetary assets and liabilities USD	Total assets and liabilities USD	Change in currency rate	Effect on net assets USD
30 June 2020 <sup>1</sup>					
USD	734,898	23,586,670	24,321,568	N/A	-
EUR	45,102	6,819,498	6,864,600	5%	343,118
Other	25,090	-	25,090	5%	1,255
Total	805,090	30,406,168	31,211,258		344,373

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> There is no comparative information since the Fund was launched on 1 July 2019.

#### Interest Rate Risk

The Fund's interest bearing financial assets and liabilities expose it to risks associated with the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates on its financial position and cash flows. Any excess cash and cash equivalents are invested at short term market interest rates.

The Fund's interest rate risk is managed on a daily basis by the Investment Manager in accordance with policies and procedures in place. Where the interest rate risks are not in accordance with the investment policy or guidelines of the Fund, the Investment Manager will aim to rebalance the portfolio.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the period ended 30 June 2020

#### 13 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND ASSOCIATED RISK (continued)

### Interest Rate Risk (continued)

The table below summarises the Fund's exposure to interest rate risk. It includes the Fund's assets and trading liabilities (excluding net assets attributable to the redeemable participating shares) at fair values, categorised by the earlier of contractual re-pricing or maturity dates. The net assets attributable to the redeemable participating shares is a non-interest bearing liability.

	Less than 1 Month USD	Non-Interest Bearing USD	Total USD
	บอบ	บอบ	บอบ
At 30 June 2020 <sup>1</sup>	842.306	30.368.952	31.211.258

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> There is no comparative information since the Fund was launched on 1 July 2019.

#### **Sensitivity Analysis**

At 30 June 2020 the sensitivity of the Fund's net assets attributable to the redeemable participating shares to a change of interest rates of a 100 basis points are summarised in the table below. If interest rates had lowered by 100 basis points, it would have resulted in an equal but opposite effect on the amounts shown below, on the basis that all other variables remain constant. The sensitivity analysis assumes that an increase in interest rates would have an increase in the interest income received for cash at bank during the year.

	Interest Sensitivity Gap USD	100bps Movement USD
As at 30 June 2020 1	842.306	8.423

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> There is no comparative information since the Fund was launched on 1 July 2019.

Actual trading results may differ from this sensitivity analysis and this difference may be material.

#### Price Risk

Price risk is the risk that the value of the instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether caused by factors specific to an individual investment, its issuer or all factors affecting all instruments traded in the market. It represents the potential loss the Fund might suffer through holding market positions in the face of price movements. The Investment Manager considers the asset allocation of the portfolio in order to minimise the risk associated with particular countries sectors whilst continuing to follow the Fund's investment objective.

The Fund invests in investment funds.

All investments present a risk of loss of capital. The maximum loss of capital on investment funds is limited to the fair value of those positions. The Investment Manager endeavours to moderate this risk through a careful selection of investments and other financial instruments within specified limits. The Fund's overall market positions are monitored on a daily basis by the Investment Manager.

The Fund's investments in investment funds are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainties about future prices of the instruments. The Fund's policies are to manage price risk through diversification and selection of securities and other financial instruments within specified limits set by the Manager.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the period ended 30 June 2020

### 13 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND ASSOCIATED RISK (continued)

### Price Risk (continued)

The sensitivity of the Fund's net assets attributable to the redeemable participating shares to changes in market prices is summarised in the table below. The analysis is based on the assumptions that the relevant prices increased/decreased by the percentage disclosed in the table below, with all other variables held constant. This represents management's best estimate of a reasonable possible shift in the market prices of the investments held at 30 June 2020.

	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss USD	% Increase / (Decrease)	Effect of Increase USD	Effect of Decrease USD
As at 30 June 2020 1	30,406,168	5%	1,520,308	(1,520,308)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> There is no comparative information since the Fund was launched on 1 July 2019.

Actual trading results may differ from this sensitivity analysis and this difference may be material.

#### **Credit Risk**

The carrying amounts of financial assets best represent the maximum credit exposure at the year end date.

All transactions in listed securities are settled/paid upon delivery using approved brokers. The risk of default is considered minimal, as delivery of securities sold is only made once the broker has received payment. Payment is made on a purchase once the securities have been received by the broker. The trade will fail if either party fails to meet its obligation.

The Investment Manager of the Fund analyses credit concentration based on the counterparty of the financial assets that the Fund holds.

Northern Trust Fiduciary Services (Ireland) Limited ("NTFSIL") is the appointed Depositary of the Fund, responsible for the safe-keeping of assets. NTFSIL has appointed The Northern Trust Company ("TNTC") as its global sub-custodian. Both NTFSIL and TNTC are wholly owned subsidiaries of Northern Trust Corporation ("NTC"). As at year-end date 30 June 2020, NTC had a long term credit rating from Standard & Poor's of A+.

TNTC (as global sub-custodian of NTFSIL) does not appoint external sub-custodians within the U.S., the U.K., Ireland and Canada. However, in all other markets, TNTC appoints local external sub-custodians.

NTFSIL, in the discharge of its depositary duties, verifies the Fund's ownership of Other Assets, (as defined under Other Assets, Art 22(5) of UCITS V Directive 2014/91/EU), by assessing whether the Fund holds the ownership based on information or documents provided by the Fund or where available, on external evidence.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the period ended 30 June 2020

### 13 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND ASSOCIATED RISK (continued)

# **Credit Risk (continued)**

TNTC, in the discharge of its delegated depositary duties, holds in custody (i) all financial instruments that may be registered in a financial instruments account opened on the books of TNTC and (ii) all financial instruments that can be physically delivered to TNTC. TNTC ensures all financial instruments (held in a financial instruments account on the books of TNTC) are held in segregated accounts in the name of the Fund, clearly identifiable as belonging to the Fund, and distinct and separately from the proprietary assets of TNTC, NTFSIL and NTC.

In addition TNTC, as banker, holds cash of the Fund on deposit. Such cash is held on the Statement of Financial Position of TNTC. In the event of insolvency of TNTC, in accordance with standard banking practice, the Fund will rank as an unsecured creditor of TNTC in respect of any cash deposits.

Insolvency of NTFSIL and or one of its agents or affiliates may cause the Fund's rights with respect to its assets to be delayed

The Investment Manager manages risk by monitoring the credit quality and financial position of the Depositary and such risk is further managed by the Depositary monitoring the credit quality and financial positions of sub-custodian appointments. Substantially all of the financial instruments excluding cash balances are held by the Depositary. Bankruptcy or insolvency of the Depositary may cause the Fund's rights with respect to securities held by the Depositary to be delayed or limited. The Investment Manager monitors its risk by monitoring the credit quality and financial position of the Depositary used by the Fund.

The Fund is exposed to risks from the use of the Depositary. To mitigate the risks, the Investment Manager employs procedures to ensure that the counterparties are reputable institutions and that the credit risk is acceptable to the Fund. The Fund only transacts with depositories who appoint a network of sub-depositaries that are regulated entities subject to prudential supervision, or with high credit-ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

Substantially all of the cash held by the Fund is held by the Depository. Bankruptcy or insolvency by the Depository may cause the Fund's rights with respect to the cash held by the Depository to be delayed or limited. The Investment Manager monitors this risk by monitoring the credit quality and financial positions of the Depository. If the credit quality or the financial position of the Depository deteriorates significantly the Investment Manager will move the cash holdings to another bank.

#### **Liquidity Risk**

This is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Fund provides for the daily creation and cancellation of shares and it is therefore exposed to the liquidity risk of meeting shareholder redemptions at any time. To meet the redemption liability the Fund may be required to sell assets. The Fund's investments in investment funds can be redeemed on a daily basis.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the period ended 30 June 2020

### 13 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND ASSOCIATED RISK (continued)

## Liquidity Risk (continued)

The residual contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the year end date are shown in the table below as at 30 June 2020:

	Less than 1 Month USD	1 – 3 Months USD	3 Months to 1 Year USD	Total USD
Financial liabilities 1				
Payables	45,014	-	8,011	53,025
Net assets attributable to holders				
of redeemable participating shares	31,211,258			31,211,258
Total financial liabilities	31,256,272	-	8,011	31,264,283

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> There is no comparative information since the Fund was launched on 1 July 2019.

Redeemable participating shares are redeemed on demand at the holder's option. However, the Board of Directors does not envisage that the contractual maturity disclosed in the table above will be representative of the actual cash outflows, as holders of these instruments typically retain them for the medium to long term.

The following table discloses where ownership in the Fund's shares are highly concentrated. Actions by these investors could materially impact the Fund.

	Number of	% of Net
	Investors	Assets
As at 30 June 2020 <sup>1</sup>	3	64.00%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> There is no comparative information since the Fund was launched on 1 July 2019.

#### **Operational Risk**

Operational risk is the risk of direct or indirect loss arising from a wide variety of causes associated with the Fund's processes and infrastructure, and from external factors other than market, credit and liquidity issues such as those arising from legal and regulatory requirements and generally accepted standards of corporate behaviour.

Operational risks arise from all of the Fund's operations. The Fund was incorporated with the purpose of engaging in those activities outlined in the preceding paragraphs. All administration functions have been outsourced to the Administrator. The investment management function is carried out by the Investment Manager.

#### Fair values of financial assets and liabilities

IFRS 13 'Fair Value Measurement' requires the Fund to classify fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements.

The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities:
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices);
- Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs).

Notes to the Financial Statements For the period ended 30 June 2020

### 13 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND ASSOCIATED RISK (continued)

#### Fair values of financial assets and liabilities (continued)

For investment funds, where the redemption period is greater than 90 days or the investment is not redeemable by the investee due to the imposition of a gate, side pockets or other contractual limitation, net asset value may not necessarily approximate to fair value as the redemption period is not considered to be regular and frequent. Therefore these limitations are significant unobservable inputs which are considered by management in the determination of an appropriate fair value. These investments are classified as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy.

The Fund reviews the details of the reported information obtained from the underlying administrators of the investment funds and considers:

- the liquidity of the investment fund or its underlying investments;
- the value date of the net asset value (NAV) provided;
- restrictions on redemptions; and
- the basis of accounting and, in instances where the basis of accounting is other than fair value, fair value estimation information provided by the investment fund's advisors.

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, that measurement is a Level 3 measurement. Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgement, considering factors specific to the asset or liability.

The determination of what constitutes 'observable' requires significant judgement by the Directors of the Fund. The Directors consider observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

The following tables analyse within the fair value hierarchy the Fund's financial assets measured at fair value at 30 June 2020.

	Fair value measured on the basis of			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
<b>2020</b> <sup>1</sup>	Active Market	Observable	Unobservable	Total
	Data	<b>Market Data</b>	Market Data	
	USD	USD	USD	USD
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Investment funds	30,406,168	-	-	30,406,168
	30,406,168	_		30,406,168

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> There is no comparative information since the Fund was launched on 1 July 2019.

There were no transfers between the fair value hierarchy levels for the period ended 30 June 2020. Transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy are deemed to have occurred at the beginning of the reporting period.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the period ended 30 June 2020

#### 13 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND ASSOCIATED RISK (continued)

#### Fair values of financial assets and liabilities (continued)

For financial assets and liabilities carried at amortised cost, these are short-term whose carrying amounts approximate fair value, because of their short-term nature and the high credit quality of counterparties. For net assets attributable to holders of redeemable participating shares, the Fund routinely redeem and issue the redeemable shares at the amount equal to the proportionate share of net assets of the Fund at the time of redemption, calculated on a basis consistent with that used in these financial statements. Accordingly, the carrying amount of the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable participating shares approximates their fair value. These shares are categorised into Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

#### **Capital Management**

The Fund regards net assets attributable to holders of redeemable participating shares as capital.

The Fund's objectives for managing capital are:

- to invest the capital in investments meeting the description, risk exposure and expected return indicated in its prospectus;
- to achieve consistent returns while safeguarding capital by investing in accordance with its investment policy or holding cash;
- to maintain sufficient liquidity to meet the expenses of the Fund; and
- to maintain sufficient size to make the operation of the Fund cost-efficient.

Neither the ICAV nor the Fund have any externally imposed capital requirements.

#### 14 INVESTMENT FUNDS

The Fund's investments in investment funds are subject to the terms and conditions of the respective investment fund's offering documentation and are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainties about future values of those investment funds. The Investment Manager makes investment decisions after extensive due diligence of the investment fund, its strategy and the overall quality of the investment fund's manager. All of the investment funds are managed by portfolio managers who are compensated by the respective investment funds for their services.

Such compensation generally consists of an asset based fee and a performance based incentive fee and is reflected in the valuation of the Fund's investment in investment funds.

The Fund has the right to request redemption of its investments in the investment funds on a daily basis. There are no significant restrictions of the Fund's ability to redeem its interests in the investment funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the period ended 30 June 2020

### 14 INVESTMENT FUNDS (continued)

The exposure to investments in investment funds at fair value by strategy employed as at 30 June 2020 is disclosed in the following table. These investments are included in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss in the Statement of Financial Position.

Strategy	Number of investment funds	Net asset value of investment funds (range / weighted average) USD (million)	Fair value USD	Percentage of net assets %
Ottatogy	Tulius	(IIIIIIOII)	000	
30 June 2020 <sup>1</sup>				
Equity	16	39 - 9,485 / 1,780	15,713,070	50.34%
Fixed income	7	19 - 11,059 / 3,327	14,693,098	47.08%
	23		30,406,168	97.42%
				·

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> There is no comparative information since the Fund was launched on 1 July 2019.

The Fund's holdings in investment funds, as a percentage of the respective investment funds' total net asset value, will vary from time to time dependent on the volume of subscriptions and redemptions at the investment funds level. It is possible that the Fund may, at any point in future, hold a majority of an investment fund's total units in issue. As at 30 June 2020, the Fund held between 0.01% and 19.95% of the respective investment funds' total net asset value.

During the period ended 30 June 2020, the Fund did not provide financial support to unconsolidated structured entities and has no intention to providing financial or other support.

The Fund's maximum exposure to loss from its interests in investment funds is equal to the total fair value of its investments in investment funds.

The Fund's investment strategies entail trading in investment funds on a regular basis. Once the Fund has disposed of its units/participating shares in an investment fund it ceases to be exposed to any risk from that investment fund.

Total purchases and sales in investment funds made by the Fund during the period ended 30 June 2020 were \$45,036,969 and \$14,634,940 respectively.

The Fund intends to continue opportunistic trading in investment funds.

#### 15 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at the date of approval of these financial statements, the Directors are not aware of any contingent liability relating to the Fund.

#### **16 EXCHANGE RATES**

The foreign exchange rates used in the financial statements expressed as USD are as follows:

	30 June 2020 '
Euro	0.89
Pound Sterling	0.81
South African Rand	17.37

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> There is no comparative information since the Fund was launched on 1 July 2019.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the period ended 30 June 2020

#### 17 SIGNIFICANT EVENTS DURING THE YEAR

The Directors converted the Company to an Irish collective asset-management vehicle with limited liability and segregated liability between funds, pursuant to part 2 of the ICAV Act. A shareholder EGM was held on 21 October 2019 in which the conversion to an ICAV was approved. An application was made to the Central Bank of Ireland to register the Company as an ICAV. From 13 November 2019, the Company became an ICAV and is authorised to carry on business as an ICAV by the Central Bank of Ireland. The registration does not affect the identity or continuity of the Company as previously established and registered.

On 11 March 2020, COVID-19 was declared a global pandemic by the World Health Organisation due to the rising rate and scale of infections. The rapid spread of the virus has caused significant disruption in global equity markets and the impact of lock downs in several countries worldwide is expected to reduce GDP growth in 2020, both locally and globally. The impact of this pandemic has been considered in the valuation of all investments and the Fund is considered to continue operating as a going concern. There was significant volatility in global and local markets at year end as countries went into lockdown which has impacted the fair value movement of all investments.

#### **18 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

The Board of Directors of the ICAV, together with the Investment Manager, have resolved to change the dealing frequency of the Fund from weekly to daily, effective 20 October 2020, subject to Central Bank approval.

The Directors are not aware of any other material events which occurred after the reporting date and up to the approval date of these financial statements.

# 19 APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 21 October 2020.

Schedule of Investments As at 30 June 2020

Shares/Nominal	Security	Fair Value USD	% of Net Assets	
Financial assets	at fair value through profit or loss			
Investment funds	s <b>-</b> 97.42%			
64,851	Invesco MSCI Europe ESG Universal Screened UCITS ETF	2,888,377	9.25%	
72,375	Invesco US High Yield Fallen Angels UCITS ETF	1,633,685	5.23%	
91,372	Invesco US Treasury 1-3 Year UCITS ETF	3,792,852	12.15%	
36,966	Invesco US Treasury 7-10 Year UCITS ETF	1,730,009	5.54%	
8,194	iShares \$ Corp Bond ETF	1,051,208	3.37%	
34,625	iShares USD Short Duration Corp Bond UCITS ETF	3,618,659	11.59%	
8,823	iShares Core MSCI Pacific ex-Japan UCITS ETF USD	1,203,898	3.86%	
45,228	iShares Core S&P 500 UCITS ETF	1,383,411	4.43%	
139,567	iShares Edge MSCI Europe Value	802,587	2.57%	
131,714	iShares Edge MSCI USA Value Factor UCITS ETF	795,388	2.55%	
335,574	iShares Edge S&P 500 Minimum Volatility UCITS ETF	1,891,295	6.06%	
142,925	iShares MSCI China A UCITS ETF	656,740	2.10%	
9,625	iShares MSCI Eastern Europe Capped UCITS ETF	201,403	0.65%	
2,318	iShares MSCI Emerging Markets Asia UCITS ETF	347,928	1.11%	
79,024	iShares MSCI EM Latin America UCITS ETF	958,759	3.07%	
150,097	iShares MSCI India UCITS ETF	676,787	2.17%	
2,787	iShares MSCI Korea UCITS ETF	405,049	1.30%	
13,431	iShares USD Treasury Bond 1-3y UCITS ETF	1,818,289	5.83%	
5,024	Lyxor IBEX 35 DR UCITS ETF	408,928	1.31%	
2,923	Nasdaq ETF Funds PLC	720,841	2.31%	
20,579	Vanguard USD Emerging Markets Government Bond UCITS ETF	1,048,397	3.36%	
16,833	Xtrackers MSCI Canada UCITS ETF	830,637	2.66%	
72,085	Xtrackers Nikkei 225 UCITS ETF	1,541,041	4.95%	
Total investment	funds	30,406,168	97.42%	
Total financial as	sets at fair value through profit or loss	30,406,168	97.42%	
Net current asse	ts	805,090	2.58%	
Net assets attrib	utable to holders of redeemable participating shares	31,211,258	100.00%	
Analysis of Portfolio as at 30 June 2020				
In atmospherical dist			% of Total Assets	
Instrument type				
AIF and UCITS Investment funds			97.26%	
Cash and cash eq	uivaients		2.69%	
Other assets			0.05%	
Total assets		=	100.00%	

Significant Changes in Portfolio Composition (unaudited) for the period ended 30 June 2020

Description Purchases	Shares/Nominal	Cost USD
Invesco US Treasury 1-3 Year UCITS ETF	133,665	5,493,845
iShares USD Treasury Bond 1-3y UCITS ETF	33,649	4,471,419
Invesco US Treasury 7-10 Year UCITS ETF	93,411	4,084,677
iShares USD Short Duration Corp Bond UCITS ETF	34,625	3,552,449
Invesco MSCI Europe ESG Universal Screened	·	
UCITS ETF	64,851	2,843,873
Vanguard FTSE Japan UCITS ETF	68,990	2,042,910
iShares Edge S&P 500 Minimum Volatility UCITS ETF	335,574	1,923,039
Invesco US High Yield Fallen Angels UCITS ETF	72,375	1,736,678
iShares STOXX Europe 600 UCITS	37,171	1,604,126
Xtrackers Nikkei 225 UCITS ETF	72,085	1,547,356
iShares Core S&P 500 UCITS ETF	45,228	1,357,853
iShares Core MSCI Pacific ex-Japan UCITS ETF USD	8,823	1,299,610
iShares MSCI China A UCITS ETF	261,845	1,170,434
iShares MSCI EM Latin America UCITS ETF	79,171	1,151,067
Vanguard USD Emerging Markets	20,579	1,068,618
iShares \$ Corp Bond ETF	8,194	974,152
PIMCO Short-Term High Yield Corporate Bond Index UCITS ETF	8,863	892,233
iShares Edge MSCI USA Value Fa	131,714	862,123
iShares Edge MSCI Europe Value	139,567	847,753
Xtrackers MSCI Canada UCITS ETF	16,833	806,202
Sales		Proceeds USD
iShares USD Treasury Bond 1-3y UCITS ETF	20,218	2,713,385
Invesco US Treasury 7-10 Year UCITS ETF	56,445	2,591,636
Vanguard FTSE Japan UCITS ETF	68,990	2,075,194
Invesco US Treasury 1-3 Year UCITS ETF	42,293	1,739,177
iShares STOXX Europe 600 UCITS	37,171	1,647,116
PIMCO Short-Term High Yield Corporate Bond Index UCITS ETF	8,863	752,010
SPDR MSCI Europe Health Care UCITS ETF	3,794	640,925
SPDR S&P U.S. Consumer Staples Select Sector UCITS ETF	23,304	628,225
iShares MSCI China A UCITS ETF	118,920	509,988
Invesco S&P 500 UCITS ETF	17,582	472,040
SPDR MSCI Europe Energy UCITS	4,091	448,118
iShares STOXX Europe 600 Oil & Gas UCITS ETF	12,141	412,955
iShares MSCI EM Latin America UCITS ETF	147	2,659
iShares MSCI Eastern Europe Capped UCITS ETF	58	1,512

Fees charged to Underlying Investment Funds (unaudited) for the period ended 30 June 2020

This table includes details of underlying investment funds held at 30 June 2020 and additional management fees being charged.

Investment fund	Performance Fee	Management Fee
Invesco MSCI Europe ESG Universal Screened		_
UCITS ETF	No fee	0.16%
Invesco US High Yield Fallen Angels UCITS ETF	No fee	0.45%
Invesco US Treasury 1-3 Year UCITS ETF	No fee	0.06%
Invesco US Treasury 7-10 Year UCITS ETF	No fee	0.06%
iShares \$ Corp Bond ETF	No fee	0.20%
iShares USD Short Duration Corp Bond UCITS ETF	No fee	0.20%
iShares Core MSCI Pacific ex-Japan UCITS ETF USD	No fee	0.20%
iShares Core S&P 500 UCITS ETF	No fee	0.07%
iShares Edge MSCI Europe Value	No fee	0.25%
iShares Edge MSCI USA Value Factor UCITS ETF	No fee	0.20%
iShares Edge S&P 500 Minimum Volatility UCITS ETF	No fee	0.20%
iShares MSCI China A UCITS ETF	No fee	0.40%
iShares MSCI Eastern Europe Capped UCITS ETF	No fee	0.74%
iShares MSCI Emerging Markets Asia UCITS ETF	No fee	0.65%
iShares MSCI EM Latin America UCITS ETF	No fee	0.74%
iShares MSCI India UCITS ETF	No fee	0.65%
iShares MSCI Korea UCITS ETF	No fee	0.65%
iShares USD Treasury Bond 1-3y UCITS ETF	No fee	0.07%
Lyxor IBEX 35 DR UCITS ETF	No fee	0.30%
Nasdaq ETF Funds PLC	No fee	0.30%
Vanguard USD Emerging Markets Government Bond		
UCITS ETF	No fee	0.25%
Xtrackers MSCI Canada UCITS ETF	No fee	0.35%
Xtrackers Nikkei 225 UCITS ETF	No fee	0.09%

Information for Investors in Switzerland (Unaudited)

#### 1. Representative

The Representative in Switzerland of the ICAV is 1741 Fund Solutions Ltd., Burggraben 16, 9000 St. Gallen, Switzerland (the "Swiss Representative").

#### 2. Paying Agent

The Swiss paying agent of the ICAV is Tellco Ltd, Bahnhofstrasse 4, Postfach 713, CH-6431 Schwyz, Switzerland (the "Swiss Paying Agent").

#### 3. Place Where the Relevant Documents may be Obtained

The Prospectus, Key Investor Information Documents, Instrument of Incorporation as well as the annual and semi-annual reports may be obtained free of charge from the Representative in Switzerland.

### 4. Total Expense Ratio

Pursuant to a guideline from the SFAMA dated 16 May 2008, the Sub-Fund is required to publish a total expense ratio ("TER") for the year ended 30 June 2020.

Total expense ratio per class

Class A	Class B	Class C
0.80%	0.80%	0.80%

#### 5. Perfomance Data

Cummulative Returns since Inception				
Share Class	Inception	Return	Benchmark	
USD Accumulation	1 July 2019	0.60%	3.11%	
GBP Accumulation	23 October 2019	5.05%	1.80%	
EUR Accumulation	30 December 2019	-2.19%	1.34%	